GOLDEN SAMPLE QUESTIONS

CHEMISTRY For CBSE 2019 (Set 1)

(Q. 1 One Mark)

1.

- (a) Isotonic solutions and hypertonic solutions
- (b) Classify the following into different categories of crystalline solids: Urea, ammonia, tin, graphite, silicon carbide, potassium sulphate, water, argon

(Q. 2 Two Marks)

2

- (a) What are effective collisions?
- (b) Define half life period.
- (c) Define activation energy.

(Q. 3 Four Marks)

3.

- (a) Calculate the e.m.f. of the cell in which the following reaction takes place : $Ni(s) + 2Ag^{+}(0.002 \text{ M}) \rightarrow Ni^{2+}(0.160 \text{ M}) + 2Ag \text{ Given that } E^{\ominus}_{\text{cell}} = 1.25 \text{ V}$
- (b) The cell in which the following reaction occurs: $2Fe^{3+}(aq) + 2\Gamma(aq) \rightarrow 2Fe^{2+}(aq) + I_2(s)$ has $E_{cell}^{\circ} = 0.236$ V at 298 K. Calculate the standard Giffs energy and the equilibrium constant of the cell reaction.

(Q. 4 to 5, Five Marks)

4

- (a) Identify the reaction order from each of the following rate constants:
 - $k = 2.3 \times 10^{-5} \text{L mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$
 - $k = 3 \times 10^{-4} \text{s}^{-1}$
- (b) State Kohlrausch's law of independent migration of ions.
- (c) What is Positive and Negative adsorption?

- 5.
- (a) A solution containing 3.100 g of $BaCl_2$ in 250 g of water boils at $100.083^{\circ}C$. Calculate the Van't Hoff factor and molality of $BaCl_2$ in this solution. (K_b for water = 0.52 Km^{-1} , molar mass of $BaCl_2 = 208.3 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$)
- (b) Analysis shows that nickel oxide has formula $Ni_{0.98}O_{1.00}$. What fractions of the nickel exist as Ni^{2+} and Ni^{3+} ?
- (c) The degree of dissociation of Ca (NO₃)₂ in dilute aqueous solution containing 7.0 g of the salt per 100 g of water at 100°C is 70 percent. If the vapour pressure of water at 100°C is 760 mm, calculate the vapour pressure of the solution.